

US EPA ARCHIVE DOCUMENT

Local Limits Calculation

Table 1 - Unit Operations (X if present)

Activated Sludge Present?	Trickling Filter Present?	Nitrification Present?	Anaerobic Digestion Present?	Sludge Incineration Present?

TABLE 2a - Stream Flow Partial Mix Factors

Complete Mix Time (minutes) (CMT)	Q7-10 Stream Flow (MGD) (Q7-10)	Harmonic Mean Stream Flow (MGD) (Qhm)	Acute Standards Compliance Time (minutes) (CTac)	Acute Partial Mix Factor  (PMFa)	Other Standards Compliance Time (minutes) (CToc)	Other Partial Mix Factor  (PMFo)
			15	1.000	720	1.000

(CMT)

(Q7-10)

(Qhm)

(CTac)

(PMFa)

PMFa =

(CToc)

(PMFo)

PMFo =

Time for discharge to mix completely in receiving stream in minutes (user entered).

7-day, 10-year low flow for receiving stream in MGD (user entered).

Harmonic mean flow for receiving stream in MGD (user entered).

Compliance time for acute water quality standards in minutes (15 minutes for PA).

Partial mix factor for acute water quality standards (calculated).

Square root of (CMT / CTac)

Compliance time for chronic and threshold human health water quality standards in minutes (720 minutes for PA).

Partial mix factor for chronic and threshold human health water quality standards (calculated).

Square root of (CMT / CToc)

TABLE 2b - POTW and Receiving Stream Data

POTW Flow (MGD) (Qpotw)	IU Flow (MGD) (Qind)	Sludge Flow to Digester (MGD) (Qdig)	Sludge Flow to Disposal (MTD) (Qsldg)	Stream Flow for Chronic WQS (MGD) (Qstr1)	Stream Flow for Acute WQS (MGD) (Qstr2)	Stream Flow for Threshold Human Health WQS (MGD) (Qstr3)	Stream Flow for Carcinogen Human Health WQS (MGD) (Qstr4)	Receiving Stream Hardness (mg/l) (H)	Hauled Waste Flow (MGD) (Qhw)	Incinerator Dispersion Factor (ug/m <sup>3</sup> /g/sec) (DF)	Sludge Flow to Incineration (MTD) (Qinc)
				-	-	-	-				

(Qpotw)

(Qind)

(Qdig)

(Qsldg)

(Qstr1)

Qstr1 =

(Qstr2)

Qstr2 =

(Qstr3)

Qstr3 =

(Qstr4)

Qstr4 =

or Qstr4 =

(H)

(Qhw)

(DF)

(Qinc)

POTW's average flow in Million Gallons per Day (user entered).

Average Industrial User total discharge flow in MGD (user entered).

Average sludge flow to digester in MGD (user entered).

Average sludge flow to disposal in dry metric tons per day (user entered).

Receiving stream (upstream) flow used with chronic water quality standards in MGD (calculated).

Q7-10 \* PMFo (data from Table 2a, cells C16 and H16)

Receiving stream (upstream) flow used with acute water quality standards in MGD (calculated).

Q7-10 \* PMFa (data from Table 2a, cells C16 and F16)

Receiving stream (upstream) flow used with threshold human health water quality standards in MGD (calculated).

Q7-10 \* PMFo (data from Table 2a, cells C16 and H16)

Receiving stream (upstream) flow used with carcinogen human health water quality standards in MGD (calculated).

Qhm (data from Table 2a, cell D16). If cell D16 is blank, formula below is used:

7.43\*(Q7-10)<sup>0.874</sup> (data from cell C16)

Receiving stream hardness in mg/l (user entered).

Hauled waste flow in MGD (user entered).

Incinerator dispersion factor in ug/m<sup>3</sup>/g/sec (user entered).

Average sludge flow to incineration in dry metric tons per day (user entered).









### Local Limits Calculation

**TABLE 7 - Comparison of Water Quality Allowable Headworks Loadings**

[illegible]

Allowable Headworks (NPDES) from Table 3, column F.  
 Allowable Headworks (CHRONIC) from Table 4, column G.  
 Allowable Headworks (ACUTE) from Table 5, column G.  
 Allowable Headworks (HUMAN HEALTH) from Table 6, column H.  
 Allowable Headworks (WATER QUALITY) is lowest value from columns B through E.

### Local Limits Calculation

**TABLE 8 - Local Limits Determination Based on Activated Sludge Inhibition Level**

[illegible]

(Qpotw)	POTW's average flow in MGD (from Table 2(b), cell B36).
(Ccrit)	Activated sludge threshold inhibition level, mg/l (EPA default or user entered).
(Rprim)	Removal efficiency prior to activated sludge treatment unit as percent (EPA default or user entered).
(Lhw)	Allowable headworks pollutant loading to the POTW in pounds per day (lbs/day - calculated).
Lhw =	$8.34 * (Ccrit * Qpotw) / (1-Rprim/100)$
8.34	Unit conversion factor



## Local Limits Calculation

**TABLE 9 - Local Limits Determination Based on Trickling Filter Inhibition Level**

[illegible]

(Qpotw)	POTW's average flow in MGD (from Table 2(b), cell B36).
(Ccrit)	Trickling filter threshold inhibition level, mg/l (EPA default or user entered).
(Rprim)	Removal efficiency prior to trickling filter treatment unit as percent (user entered).
(Lhw)	Allowable headworks pollutant loading to the POTW in pounds per day (lbs/day - calculated).
Lhw =	$8.34 * (Ccrit * Qpotw) / (1 - Rprim/100)$
8.34	Unit conversion factor



### Local Limits Calculation

**TABLE 11 - Local Limits Determination Based on Anaerobic Digester Inhibition Level (Conservative Pollutants)**

[illegible]

(Qpotw)	POTW's average flow in MGD (from Table 2(b), cell B36).
(Qdig)	Average sludge flow to digester in MGD (from Table 2(b), cell D36).
(Ccrit)	Anaerobic digester threshold inhibition level in mg/l (EPA default or user entered).
(Rpotw)	Removal efficiency across POTW as percent (from Table 3, column E).
(Lhw)	Maximum allowable headworks pollutant loading to the POTW in pounds per day (lbs/day - calculated).
Lhw =	$(8.34 * Ccrit * Qdig) / (Rpotw/100)$
8.34	Unit conversion factor

### Local Limits Calculation

**TABLE 12 - Local Limits Determination Based on Anaerobic Digester Inhibition Level (Non-Conservative Pollutants)**

[illegible]

Qpotw)	POTW's average flow in MGD (from Table 2(b), cell B36).
(Cinf)	POTW's average influent concentration in mg/l (from 'Monitoring data' sheet, row 43 or user entered).
(Linf)	POTW's average influent loading in pounds per day (lbs/day - calculated).
Linf =	8.34 * Cinf * Qpotw
8.34	Unit conversion factor
(Cdig)	Average pollutant concentration in sludge sent to the digester in mg/l (user entered).
(Ccrit)	Anaerobic digester threshold inhibition level in mg/l (EPA default or user entered).
(Lhw)	Maximum allowable headworks pollutant loading to the POTW in pounds per day (lbs/day - calculated).
Lhw =	Linf * (Ccrit/Cdig)



### Local Limits Calculation

**TABLE 14 - Local Limits Determination Based on Land Application Sludge Disposal**

[illegible]

(Qpotw)	POTW's average flow in MGD (from Table 2(b), cell B36).
(Qsldg)	Average sludge flow to disposal in dry metric tons per day (from Table 2(b), cell E36).
(Cslcrit)	Applicable sludge standard in mg/kg dry sludge (exceptional quality standard for land application or user entered).
(Rpotw)	Removal efficiency across POTW as a percent (from Table 3, column E).
(Lhw)	Maximum allowable headworks pollutant loading to the POTW in pounds per day (lbs/day - calculated).
Lhw =	$(0.0022 * Cslcrit * Qsldg) / (Rpotw/100)$
0.0022	Unit conversion factor

## Local Limits Calculation

**TABLE 15 - Local Limits Determination Based on Incineration Sludge Disposal**

[illegible]

Qinc)	Average sludge flow to incinerator in dry metric tons per day (from Table 2(b), cell M36).
(DF)	Incinerator dispersion factor in ug/m <sup>3</sup> /g/sec (from Table 2(b), cell L36).
(CE)	Incinerator control efficiency for the pollutant as a percent (user entered).
(RSC)	Risk specific concentration limit in ug/m <sup>3</sup> (from 40 CFR 503.43(d) - Table 1 for arsenic, cadmium, and nickel; Table 2 for chromium; chromium user entered).
(NAAQS)	National ambient air quality standard in ug/m <sup>3</sup> (from 40 CFR 50.12).
(NESHAP)	National emission standard in g/d (from 40 CFR 61.52(b) for mercury and 40 CFR 61.32(a) for beryllium).
(Qpotw)	POTW's average flow in MGD (from Table 2(b), cell B36).
(Qsldg)	Average sludge flow to disposal in dry metric tons per day (from Table 2(b), cell E36).
(Cslcrit)	Applicable sludge standard in mg/kg dry sludge (calculated based on RSC, NAAQS, or NESHAP - see individual cells for formulas or Appendix T of EPA local limits guidance manual).
86400	Unit conversion factor
(Rpotw)	Removal efficiency across POTW as a percent (from Table 3, column E).
(Lhw)	Maximum allowable headworks pollutant loading to the POTW in pounds per day (lbs/day - calculated).
Lhw =	$(0.0022 * Cslcrit * Qsldg) / (Rpotw/100)$
0.0022	Unit conversion factor





### Local Limits Calculation

**TABLE 17 - Comparison of Allowable Headworks Loadings**

[illegible]

Allowable Headworks (WATER QUALITY) from Table 7, column F.

Allowable Headworks (INHIBITION) from Table 13, column J.

Allowable Headworks (SLUDGE) from Table 16, column D.

Design Loading of POTW treatment plant (user entered).

Maximum allowable headworks loading (MAHL) is lowest value from columns B through E.



## Local Limits Calculation

### Table 19 - Comparison of Existing and Calculated Local Limits

POTW Adopting MAIL	POTW Adopting Uniform Concentration

[illegible]

(MAILex) =	Existing Maximum Allowable Industrial Load (user entered).
(MAIL) =	Maximum Allowable Industrial Load (from Table 18, column K).
(Cind-ex) =	Existing local limit for a given pollutant in mg/l (user entered).
(Cind) =	Newly calculated local limit for a given pollutant in mg/l (from Table 18, column L).
	<b>Brown bold</b> indicates that the calculated allowable industrial loading or local limit is less stringent than the existing loading or limit.
	<b>Green bold</b> indicates that the calculated allowable industrial loading or local limit is new or more stringent than the existing loading or limit.
	<b>Red bold</b> indicates that the proposed local limit is less stringent than the calculated limit.
	Basis of "Need Limit?": "X" in "Existing Limit" column indicates that a local limit exists but no limit was proposed.
	Basis of "Need Limit?": "X" in "Avg Inf Loading" column indicates that the average influent loading is greater than 60% of the MAHL.
	Basis of "Need Limit?": "X" in "Max Inf Loading" column indicates that the maximum influent loading is greater than 80% of the MAHL.

### Local Limits Calculation

**TABLE 20 - Comparison of Allowable Headworks Loadings And Current Influent Loadings**

[illegible]

(MAHL) Maximum Allowable Headworks Loading (from Table 17).  
Average Influent Loading from 'Monitoring Data' sheet row 46.  
Average Percent Loaded = (Average Influent Loading)/(Maximum Allowable Headworks Loading)\*\*100  
Maximum Influent Loading is the Maximum Influent Concentration from 'Monitoring Data' sheet row 44 converted to a loading using the POTW flow from Table 2(b), cell B36.  
Maximum Percent Loaded = (Maximum Influent Loading)/(Maximum Allowable Headworks Loading)\*100  
**Green bold** indicates that the average percent loaded is greater than 60% or the maximum percent loaded is greater than 80%.  
**Red bold** indicates that the percent loaded is greater than 100%.

## Local Limits Calculation

**TABLE 21 - Calculation of Influent, Effluent, and Sludge Goals**

[illegible]

(MAHL)	Maximum allowable headworks loading (from Table 18).
(Qpotw)	POTW's average flow in MGD (from Table 2(b), cell B36).
(MAHC)	Influent concentration necessary to meet effluent, sludge, and inhibition goals (calculated).
MAHC =	MAHL/(Qpotw * 8.34)
8.34	Unit conversion factor
(AHLwq)	Allowable Headworks (WATER QUALITY) from Table 7, column F.
(Rpotw)	Removal efficiency across POTW as percent (from Table 3, column F).
(Effluent Goal)	Discharge concentration necessary to meet NPDES limit or water quality standards (calculated)
Effluent Goal =	(AHLwq) * (1-(Rpotw/100))/(8.34 * Qpotw)
(AHLs)	Allowable Headworks (SLUDGE) from Table 16, column D.
(Qsldg)	Average sludge flow to disposal in dry metric tons per day (from Table 2(b), cell E36).
(Sludge Goal)	Sludge standard used in headworks calculations for sludge protection (calculated)
Sludge Goal =	AHLs * (Rpotw/100) / (0.0022 * Qsldg)

### Local Limits Calculation

**Table 22 - Comparison of Influent, Effluent, and Sludge Goals to Monitoring Data**

[illegible]

Evaluation = OK means that all of the monitoring data is below the goal.  
Evaluation = ? means that 25% or less of all of the monitoring data is above the goal.  
Evaluation = !! means that between 25% and 50% of all of the monitoring data is above the goal.  
Evaluation = !!!! means that between 50% and 75% of all of the monitoring data is above the goal.  
Evaluation = !!!!! means that more than 75% of all of the monitoring data is above the goal.  
Evaluation = "-" means that there is no goal or no monitoring data was used in the evaluation.

(Influent Goal)	Influent concentration necessary to meet effluent, sludge, and inhibition goals (from Table 20).
(Effluent Goal)	Discharge concentration necessary to meet NPDES limit or water quality standards (from Table 20).
(Sludge Goal)	Sludge concentration necessary to meet sludge disposal goals (from Table 20).

Number of Measurements (columns C, G, and K) from 'Monitoring Data' sheet row 42.  
Number of Exceedances (columns D, H, and L) is the number of sample results in 'Monitoring Data' sheet (rows 2 through 41) that exceed the listed goal.

### POTW Monitoring Data

[illegible]

Actual Sample Result

Non-detect - detection limit used as a surrogate

Non-detect - half the detection limit used as a surrogate

Data point deleted because it was inconsistent with other data points

Red bold indicates results that are different from the average by more than 2 times the standard deviation for that pollutant and sample point.

### POTW Monitoring Data

[illegible]



### POTW Monitoring Data

[illegible]

### POTW Monitoring Data

[illegible]

### POTW Monitoring Data

[illegible]





### POTW Monitoring Data

[illegible]

Actual Sample Result  
Non-detect - detection  
Non-detect - half the d  
Data point deleted bec  
**Red bold indicates re**